

SHE WILL NOT BE HANGED

Firmly Believed that Mrs. Maybrick Will Be Reprieved or Imprisoned for Life.

Her Fate Determined Yesterday—Government's Back Down on the Tithes Bill—The Pope's Health—Cable Miscellany.

MRS. MAYBRICK WILL NOT HANG.

A Conference at Which It Is Said to Have Been Decided to Commute Her Sentence.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Home Secretary Matthews, Mr. Justice Stephen, the Lord Chancellor and medical experts to-day held a conference at the Home Office with a view to arriving at a decision in the Maybrick case. The conference lasted four hours. It is regarded as a certainty that the Home Office is in doubt, and it is believed that the result of deliberations must necessarily be a pardon or a commutation of sentence.

The Press Association states that Home Secretary Matthews will recommend the Queen the commutation of the death sentence of Mrs. Maybrick to penal servitude for life, and that the commutation of sentence will be announced after the Queen has given formal assent.

It is pointed out here as an indication of the result of to-day's conference on the Maybrick case that the Lord Chancellor who took part in it is rarely consulted except in cases where a reprieve is needed. There is excellent reason for believing that Mr. Matthews and the others engaged with him in going over the evidence given at the trial, began their work with the assumption that Mrs. Maybrick was not guilty of the deliberate murder of her husband. With this idea they sifted every scrap of evidence, and noted especially the testimony showing Maybrick's craving for arsenic, to which they are inclined to attach much more importance than the jury appear to have given it. This testimony, it is believed, will turn the scale in favor of the condemned woman.

The conference at the Home Office to-day, in the Maybrick case, was chiefly occupied in determining the best means of showing clemency to the condemned without offending the dignity of Judge Stephen, whose stand in support of the justice of the verdict remains uncompromising. There is no doubt now that Mrs. Maybrick will be allowed to hang, but to what extent the power of the Queen will be exerted in her behalf is still uncertain.

Eighty-eight members of the House of Commons have signed the memorial in behalf of Mrs. Maybrick.

THE GOVERNMENT'S BACKDOWN.

Its Withdrawal of the Tithes Bill—A Regular Tory Hornet's Nest.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—If "he who fights and runs away" is destined always to "live to fight another day" Lord Salisbury's government will last forever. Their tithes recovery bill, which was introduced with a great flourish of trumpets early in the session, and the determination of the "sink or swim, survive or perish" variety to pass it at all hazards, has been ignominiously abandoned. Their treatment of this measure, involving a shifting of position from the Tory to the Liberal view, then to the Radical, and finally ending with no view at all, furnishes an excellent illustration of "how to stand under."

Opinions vary as to the reasons for the withdrawal of the bill. That the government had brought a perfect hornet's nest about their ears, and Tory hornets at that, by their endorsement of the Liberal amendment after it had been defeated, and the landed interests, without regard to party affiliations, were furious at this endorsement of the Radical principle, is one view. The Speaker's decision, to-day, that the bill must be withdrawn in view of its altered character by reason of the Speaker's ruling, was a welcome relief to the government from their anomalous position, and there is little doubt that Mr. Peel, the accommodating Speaker, received a quiet tip to assist him in his ruling.

The Tithes Bill Withdrawn.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The discussion of the tithes bill was concluded to-day in the House of Commons. Sir William G. Vernon Harcourt, member for Dorset, appealed to the Speaker to say whether, when the amendments inserted practically constituted a new bill, it was not the practice to withdraw the measure and introduce it as a new bill if necessary. The Speaker ruled that a bill so transferred should be withdrawn. The bill was accordingly withdrawn.

After serious and protracted opposition, Mr. Smith, the government leader, stated that the government would not introduce a new tithes bill.

CO-OPERATION IN ENGLAND.

Substantial Evidence of the Splendid Success That Has Been Achieved.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Americans who have watched the futile attempts to introduce the co-operative principle in their own country, and who have seen co-operative workshops in different branches of industry, one after another, started only to languish and die, can scarcely conceive the rapid strides the principle is making in England. Indeed, there are few Englishmen who will not be surprised at the magnificent display when the exhibition of co-operative products is thrown open at the Crystal Palace to-morrow. The high standard of excellence attained in the work exhibited ought not to be surprising when it is understood that only the best artisans, and the most intelligent, can take part in these co-operative movements, but that no less than sixteen hundred separate establishments, organized on this principle, should be represented, and creditably represented, must be startling to those who have been speaking of co-operation as still an experiment. The establishments, some of them very extensive and employing capital to the amount of many thousands of pounds, are engaged in nearly two hundred distinct trades or occupations, and are already dangerous competitors of the individual enterprises. The exhibition, by opening the eyes of workmen themselves to what has been accomplished and what may be accomplished by co-operation, is expected to give an immense impetus to the movement. There is a growing feeling among the better class of social reformers in England that the future of the wage-workers and their rescue from their present intolerable condition must come through co-operation, and as this feeling spreads among the workingmen themselves, the doctrines of socialism, revolution and anarchy lose their charm. A festival of labor will be held in connection with the exhibition, at which £500 will be distributed in prizes to workmen. Another feature will be a concert of 5,000 voices.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

A Rumor That Caused the Excitable French Capital to Lose Its Temper.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The French press takes no pains to conceal its temper over the love-feast between the two Emperors at Berlin, and the triple alliance is pleasantly referred to as a club which these two blood-thirsty monarchs hold over the head of La belle France. The Parisian populace have worked themselves up over this incident to such an extent that everybody in Paris was ready to shoulder a musket yesterday, when a rumor gained currency that William and Francis Joseph were about to visit Alsace together. Even Mr. Spuller, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, lost his head for the moment, and in hot haste drove to the German embassy, where his fears were soon quieted with the assurance that there was no foundation for the story.

Ottawa's Electric Road.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

OTTAWA, Aug. 16.—The Ottawa electric street railway formally opened its lines last night with a grand excursion, to which the city and officials, merchants and prominent citizens were invited. Eight Pullman

street cars were run out and a speed of ten miles per hour was attained on the regular six miles of track are now open. The road is the first of its kind in the State to run its cars, and its success is unquestioned. The Johnstown flood retarded the rolling of its iron until about ten days ago, causing a delay of nearly sixty days. The president, Mr. Evans, was given a grand ovation last evening, nearly 5,000 people being on the streets.

The Pope's Health.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The health of the Pope is causing considerable uneasiness in Europe. It is known that he has been suffering with a complication of disorders for some time past, and now the announcement from Rome that, owing to the Pope's continued ill health, all receptions at the Vatican have been discontinued, naturally excites the gravest fears.

Edison in Europe.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Edison is expected at Milan in September, where elaborate preparations are being made for his reception. Nowhere in Europe are Mr. Edison's genius and services to the cause of science better recognized than in Italy, and on his visit to Milan King Humbert will confer on him the dignity of a grand officer of the Order of the Italian Crown.

Boulangier Manifesto.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A manifesto signed by General Boulanger, Count Dillon and Henri Rochefort is published. It calls the action of the Senate court an orgie of arbitrary rule, calumny and mendacity. It declares that, in spite of fresh charges d'état, preparing in the dark, the signers have continued confidence in the electorate of France.

Turkish Forces in Crete.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Crete says that the Turkish troops have fortified their positions at Cavea, in spite of the opposition of the insurgents. Fifteen hundred Turkish reinforcements have arrived, and six thousand more are expected.

Cable Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Count Kalnoky has returned to Vienna from Berlin.

Emperor William, accompanied by the Empress, has gone to Bayreuth.

An epidemic of typhus fever has broken out at Aarhus, in Jutland. All the schools have been closed.

La Nation says France never intended making a demand for the extradition of General Boulanger.

The Russian government has given orders for the construction of two more iron-clads and several torpedo vessels.

The Novoye Vremya, of St. Petersburg, says that the definitive judgment of the people of France will not be known until after the elections.

Ex-King Milan has consented to allow ex-Queen Natalie to visit her son, King Alexander, several times a year, and to reside in the palace during each visit.

The Journal de St. Petersburg doubts whether Boulangerism has been suppressed, although it admits that Boulanger and his comrades are judicially dead.

The Journal de St. Petersburg expresses gratification at the appointment of Chakir Pasha as Governor of Crete, and disapproves his administration will be successful.

The liquidator of the Panama Canal Company has informed shareholders that the formation of the technical commission is about completed, and the commission will proceed to examine the works.

Count Kalnoky will revisit Prince Bismarck at Vaux in six weeks and Premier Crispien will shortly visit Vienna to confer with Count Kalnoky. These facts are regarded as indicating a strengthening of the triple alliance.

Miss Florence St. John, the well-known actress, who was at one time a prominent member of the Gaiety company, has had Mr. T. H. Burrough, brother of the actor, committed for trial, charged with having alleged that she is leading an immoral life.

A Russian ukase has been issued sanctioning provincial reorganizations under Count Tolstoy's scheme, which it includes the creation of district heads of administration, to be appointed exclusively by the crown, does not apply to Poland, the Baltic provinces and White and Red Russia.

The Czar has conferred the Cross of St. Stanislaus upon ex-Captain Gruell, the notorious abductor of Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, and a persistent plotter against the present regime in Bulgaria. This act of the Czar is regarded as one of open hostility to Bulgaria, as well as an insult to the Porte, Gruell being a Turkish officer.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Local Forecasts.

For Indianapolis and vicinity—For the Twenty-four Hours Ending 8 P. M., Aug. 17—Fair weather.

GENERAL INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16—8 P. M.—Forecast till 8 P. M., Saturday:

For Ohio—Generally fair, except light local showers in northeast portion; warmer in southern, stationary temperature in northern portion; variable winds.

For Indiana—Fair, except light local showers in northern portion; slightly warmer; southeasterly winds.

For Lower Michigan—Generally fair; warmer in western, stationary temperature in eastern portion; winds shifting to southeasterly.

For Upper Michigan—Fair; warmer; southeasterly winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair; warmer; southeasterly winds.

For Illinois—Generally fair, except occasional light local showers in northern portion; warmer in eastern, stationary temperature in western portion; southeasterly winds.

For Missouri—Fair; warmer, except in northeast portion, stationary temperature; southeasterly winds.

For Dakota—Fair in southeast, local showers in northwest portion; cooler; westerly winds.

For Minnesota—Fair, followed by showers in extreme northern portion; warmer, except in northwest portion; cooler; southeasterly winds.

Local Weather Report.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	W. S. Wind.	Weather.	Pre.
7 A. M.	30.08	69	7 S.W.	Cloudless.	0.00
7 P. M.	30.01	68	8 S.W.	Clearing.	0.28

Maximum thermometer, 77; minimum thermometer, 53.

Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on Aug. 16, 1889:

	Normal.	73	0.12
Mean.	65	68	0.28
Excess or deficiency since Aug. 1.	—0.16	—0.16	—0.16
Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1.	—1.77	—1.77	—1.77

Plus.

General Weather Conditions.

FRIDAY, Aug. 16, 7 P. M.

PRESSURE—High barometers are reported from the lakes southward to the Gulf, from the Mississippi valley to the Atlantic coast south of Pennsylvania. The low area in the Northwest is moving slowly eastward. The lower part of its center extends over Dakota, with 29.60. The barometers are falling over the Gulf of Mexico.

TEMPERATURE—Temperatures above 80 are reported from the Gulf coast, Texas, western Kansas, western Nebraska and Dakota; 70 and below between the lakes, the Mississippi and Ohio rivers, New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and South Carolina.

PRECIPITATION—Light rains are reported from Colorado, southern Iowa, northern Illinois, Indiana, along the south shore of the lower lakes and in Florida.

Leader of a Gang of Conspirators Caught.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 16.—A deputy United States marshal has brought here, from Howard county, William Hedding, who, it is claimed, is the leader of a desperate band of conspirators, who have their headquarters in the fastnesses of the mountains, in the southwestern part of the State, where they make bogus coin.

The Cherokee Strip.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TALEQUAN, Ind. T., Aug. 16.—Chief Mayes, of the Cherokee Nation, has sent his mayes

to the commissioners asking for a plainer statement of the government's proposition to purchase the Cherokee strip, and declaring that the proposition can not be acted upon until the general council meets, after the election of August, 1891.

Advice to the Occasional Contributor.

Philadelphia Times.

Let every casual newspaper writer start on the assumption that the briefest and most instructive articles are always most acceptable because most popular, and there is only one way to make practical application of the theory. First, write what you have to say on the given subject. Second, study it over carefully and then write it over again. Third, study it over again with equal or increased care, and then re-write it a third time. That is the old-fashioned article will be from one-fourth to one-third the length of the original, and the author can't fail to see that it is more attractive, more logical and in every way more useful and creditable. Editors have no time for such re-writing in their daily work, but there are no successful editors who have not thoroughly learned to write first hand as most men would write after repeated revisions. Many orators in pulpit and forum wrestle under their misapprehension to write their sermons and orations, and thus make them pointed, finished and impressive, and the sooner casual writers understand that forcing unattractive expressions is the fruit of the severest labor, the sooner will they have ready access to the columns of popular newspapers.

Here Is Another Awful Crime.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

The administration is involved in another scandal. This time it is a dreadful one. It is the case of a woman, a sister of the Vice-president's wife, and who has been a staunch Republican for many years, was an applicant for a place of congressional clerk at Ottawa, and in ever did anything that was wrong except to marry Mrs. Morton's sister, and as the administration looks with favor on married men, it did not wonder that a bar to his appointment. Probably it reasoned that if he wanted to get married he would really have to marry somebody's sister, most men having sisters now-a-days. Still it was a dreadful thing to do. The Democratic editors are up in arms, and they would not be if the administration hadn't done something awful. Colonel Lay is a good business man, too, and a man of travel and experience, but what does that amount to? He doesn't seem to have married Mrs. Morton's sister recently, either. Long ago, comparatively, he singled her out from all his friends, and just deliberately married her as the law provides. It's a horrible, blood-chilling state crime, indeed, and we don't quite understand what's to be done.

Descent Into the Grand Canyon.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"I wrote to the bottom of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado last winter," said W. T. Hart, "and am one of the few men who ever attempted the descent. I went there to examine a mine said to exist in the bottom of the canyon. I have been all through the Rockies, from Montana to Central America, and know what a chasm is, but the sight of that abyss took my breath away. From the top to the bottom it is full 6,000 feet. Over a mile below you can see the river tearing through the gorge, but not a sound can be heard, it is so far away. From bank to the other it is, apparently, not over a quarter of a mile, but as a matter of fact, it is fully nineteen miles. My guide, a Navaho Indian, was able to reach the bottom, but I was determined to go, and I went. It was a terrible climb, and it took us eight hours to reach the bottom. It is certainly the most desolate place in the world. There is not a living thing down there—no insects, reptiles or animals of any kind. Everything is absolutely dead. Before the sun was up next morning we were on our way out, and it took us until 10 o'clock that night to climb the wall of the canyon."

An Inconscient Course.

Boston Transcript.

The Atlanta Constitution, which denounced the action of Postmaster Lewis in appointing a colored man to be clerk in the registry department of the postoffice in that city, now calls the burning in effigy wrong and unwise. At the same time it reiterates its former assertion that the appointment of the colored clerk was wrong. It will scarcely maintain its reputation for either candor or political sagacity by rebuking the Atlanta Constitution which it is still supporting. The wisest course would have been, in the first place, to tell the people that a colored man who has passed the civil-service examination and is as good right to appointment as a white man, and that in any event the people of Atlanta would not suffer because a clerk in one department of the postoffice was of African descent.

Horrible Carnage.

Chicago Tribune.

"What do you want?" sharply demanded the Alabama farmer who had been roused at early hour in the morning by a loud knocking at his door.

"I want to borrow your saddle horse," Mr. Irons responded the Old South Church, to be sure! Do you mean to tell me you never heard of it before? Most interesting building in all Boston. The British soldiers were quartered there during the revolution and after that—

Stranger—But I don't want to hear anything about the Old South Church. I only want to see it.

Native—Well, if you don't care anything about the Old South, it's entirely immaterial whether you get to Milk street or not.

A Rival of the Elkhair.

Boston Journal.

By now you know what causes you to grow wrinkled and bald as you press on years? An Italian has discovered that the decay incident to old age is caused by a microbe which is inherited. He proposes to find an antidote which will destroy it, and a newspaper story about a woman of seventy will be a Hebe, and an old gentleman of eighty will have the charms of an Apollo. Dr. Brown-Schwarz must hurry up his invigorator, or he will lose the market.

The Poorest Has the Best of It.

Utica Herald.

General Boulanger, Count Dillon and Henri Rochefort have been sentenced by the French Senate, sitting as a court, to be deported to a fortified place for a felonious receipt of arms. As neither of these worthies is now in France, of course they can laugh at the sentence. But the confiscation of their property will follow if they do not face the music. The one of them, then, who will laugh the most will be the one who now possesses the least.

Expected Better Things.

Washington News.

In the course of a month or two the intelligent white people of Atlanta will begin to see that they have, in their insane folly on "the race question," advertised their beautiful and prosperous town as a gray ass of American cities. It is a pity that such folly should have been perpetrated. The world expected better things of Atlanta.

Draws a Distinction.

Sacramento Record-Union.

The Indianapolis Journal says that "physical culture does not appear to be an advantage when running away from sheriffs and constables." Right, neighbor, but true physical culture does nothing of the kind, for it is not a violation of the laws of necessity. The athlete and the bruiser are two distinct individuals.

Ingalls's New Library.

Washington Special.

The President pro tem. said that he had not yet begun the rebuilding of his house, lost by fire last winter. He is living in a temporary quarters, but he has a new story about getting a library together. He said: "I have purchased a dictionary. That

may be the corner-stone of a library, but I have not yet gone on with the super-structure."

Thinks Nagle Too Hasty.

Baltimore American.

It would appear that the marshal was too hasty. He undoubtedly shot because he believed Terry meant to kill Justice Field. There was cause for this belief in the fact that threats had been made, and bitter enmity existed between ex-Judge Terry and Justice Field; but it looks as if Nagle should have deferred his shooting until further developments demanded such action.

Old Men Who Need No Elkhair.

Pittsburg Chronicle.

Hannibal Hamlin, though eighty-one years old, spends a great deal of his time out doors, working in his orchard and flower garden or taking long walks. That is very well, as Hamlin is a famous man, but a friend the other day found the Rev. Samuel Wakefield, of West Newton, Pa., ninety years of age, building a palling fence around his house.

Near the Truth.

Philadelphia Press.

Civil Service Commissioner Lyman gets very near to the truth when he says that "the great mass of the people in this country are worthy to hold office." There is in this assertion none of the usual bluntness, but Republican and Democrat alike can admit its force without the slightest surrender of principle. The people are not rogues.

A Return to First Principles.

Milwaukee Sentinel.

Edmund G. Ross was a United States Senator from Kansas, Cleveland, as we remember, his Governor of New Mexico. He has been removed and has gone to sticking type in a newspaper office at Santa Fe. He is a high liver and can't save money. His career shows the fluctuations of life in this great country.

Jealous of Grenfell.

Philadelphia Press.

Queen Victoria has sent an autograph letter to General Grenfell, thanking him for his brilliant success in massacring a thousand or so of howling devils in Egypt. Other butchers are naturally somewhat envious of the General.

Fever Changes.

Washington Post.

With the exception of the War Department there have been fewer official changes in the Treasury Department than in any other department since the advent of the present administration.

Where's Your Honor?

Washington Post.

Brice Scott, Whitney and the Belmonts are expected to spend the last week of August with Mr. Cleveland, helping him to hurl things "against plutocracy's cold trail."

Should Come In and Be Clean.

City Derrick.

People outside the natural-gas region realize the advantages possessed by those inside, and are continually looking for a fuel that will be at least as smokeless.

Real Estate Transfers.

Instruments filed for record in the recorder's office of Marion county, Indiana, for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 P. M., Aug. 16, 1889, are:

Furnished by Elliott & Butler, abstractors of titles, Hartford Block, 84 East Market street.

Melville Strong to Willis R. Miller, lot 16, in Martindale & Co.'s addition, \$1,900.00.

William Graydon to Samuel S. Rhodes, lot 233, in Fletcher's subdivision of untitled 94, 95, 96, 97, 98 and the south half of 91, 1,950.00.

Clara B. Strayer to John D. Truett, lots 25 and 26, in Julia's Spring Garden, 25.00.

Allen C. Parker to Martha C. Hamilton, lot 14, in square 1 in the Indianapolis Car Company's addition, 1,500.00.

Louisa Redhease to Frederick H. Schmitt, the north part of lot 22, in Hubbard's southeast addition, 800.00.

Ellen Alexander to Mary E. Helm, part of the northwest quarter of section 17, township 14, range 4, 300.00.

D. M. Bradbury, trustee, to Fred Gansberg, lots 35 and 36, in square 24, in Brady's addition, 300.00.

Henry L. Hightman to Anna G. Jepp, lot 36, in the lot of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 6, township 15, range 4, 1,550.00.

Conveyances, 8; consideration, \$8,325.00.

People Wonder

When they find how rapidly health

is restored by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The reason is that this preparation contains only the purest and most powerful alteratives and conics. To thousands yearly it proves a veritable elixir of life.

Mrs. Jos. Lake, Brockway Centre, Mich., writes: "Liver complaint and indigestion made my life a burden and near ending my existence. For more than four years I suffered untold agony. I was reduced almost to a skeleton, and hardly had strength to drag myself about. All kinds of food distressed me, and only the most delicate could be digested at all. Within the time mentioned several physicians treated me without giving relief. Nothing that I took seemed to do any permanent good until I began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has produced wonderful results. Sooner commencing to take the Sarsaparilla I could see an

Improvement

in my condition, my appetite began to

return and with it came the ability to digest all the food taken, my strength improved each day, and after a few months of faithful attention to your directions, I found myself a well woman, able to attend to all household duties, and the medicine has given me a new lease of life, and I cannot thank you too much."

We, the undersigned, citizens of Brockway Centre, Mich., hereby certify that the above statement, made by Mrs. Lake, is true in every particular and entitled to full credence.—O. P. Wadsworth, G. W. Waring, C. A. Wells, Druggist.

"My brother, in England, was, for a long time, unable to attend to his occupation, by reason of sores on his foot. He sent for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and the testimonials it contained induced him to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using it a little while, he was cured, and is now well and manly, and has given me a testimonial from Queensland, Australia."—A. Attewell, Sharbot Lake, Ontario.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

Tutt's Pills

To purge the bowels does not make

them regular but leaves them in worse condition than before. The liver is the seat of trouble, and

THE REMEDY

must act on it. Tutt's Liver Pills act

directly on that organ, causing a free flow of bile, without which the bowels are constipated. Price, 25c.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES

Hundreds of thousands in use. Try One.

Greatly improved with springs on one side, and with a new design of axle, and shorter according to the weight put on them. Makes a city drive a pleasure. Price, \$100.00.

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